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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The procedures contained in this manual include all the specifications, instructions, and graphics needed to diagnose the Mark 25e Antilock Braking System (ABS). The diagnostics in this manual are based on the failure condition or symptom being present at time of diagnosis.

Please follow the recommendations below when choosing your diagnostic path.

1. First make sure the DRBIII® is communicating with the Anti-Lock Brake Module (ABM). If the DRBIII® displays a "No Response" condition, you must diagnose that first.
2. Read and record DTC's (diagnostic trouble codes) and Freeze Frame information with the DRBIII®.
3. If no DTC's are present, identify the customer complaint.
4. Once the DTC or customer complaint is identified, locate the matching test in the Table of Contents and begin to diagnose the symptom.

All component location views are in Section 8.0. All connector pinouts are in Section 9.0. All schematics are in Section 10.0.

An asterisk (*) placed before the symptom description indicates a concern with no associated DTC.

When repairs are required, refer to the appropriate service manual for the proper removal and repair procedure.

Diagnostic procedures change every year. New diagnostic systems may be added; carry over systems may be enhanced. READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE TRYING TO DIAGNOSE A VEHICLE CODE. It is recommended that you review the entire manual to become familiar with all new and changed diagnostic procedures.

After using this book, if you have any comments or recommendations, please fill out the form at the back of the book and mail it back to us.

1.1 SYSTEM COVERAGE

This diagnostic procedure manual covers the Teves Mark 25e Antilock Braking System (ABS) found on the 2005 (JR) Sebring/Stratus.

1.2 SIX-STEP TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

Diagnosis of the ABM is done in six basic steps:

- verification of complaint
- verification of any related symptoms
- symptom analysis
- problem isolation
- repair of isolated problem
- verification of proper operation

2.0 IDENTIFICATION OF SYSTEM

Vehicles equipped with the Teves Mark 25e antilock brake system can be identified by the presence of the antilock brake module with a 47-way connector.

The presence of the Traction Control system is indicated by the switch and bulb check.

3.0 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTIONAL OPERATION

3.1 TEVES MARK 25e SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The Antilock Brake Module (ABM) is used to monitor wheel speeds and to modulate (control) hydraulic pressure in each brake channel. The modulated hydraulic pressure is used to prevent wheel lock-up during braking.

The Teves Mark 25e system uses a diagonal split hydraulic brake system. In the standard brake mode the master cylinder primary circuit supplies pressure to the right front and left rear wheel brakes, and the secondary master cylinder circuit supplies pressure to the left front and right rear wheel brakes.

All vehicles equipped with ABS use Electronic Variable Brake Proportioning (EVPB) to balance front-to-rear braking when brakes are applied in the partial braking range.

3.2 TRACTION CONTROL SYSTEM (TCS) DESCRIPTION (IF EQUIPPED)

The main purpose of traction control is to reduce wheel slip and maintain traction at the driven wheels when road surfaces are slippery. The traction control system reduces wheel slip by braking the wheel that is losing traction. The system is designed to operate at speeds below 56 km/h (35 mph).

3.3 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

ABS

- anti-lock brake module (ABM)
- vacuum booster
- master cylinder

- integrated hydraulic control unit (HCU), 1 pump motor.
- 4 wheel speed sensor/tone wheel assemblies
- ABS warning indicator
- fuses and wiring harness
- fluid reservoir
- brake lamp switch

ABS With Traction Control

- ABM with Traction Control programming
- HCU with four additional control valves.
- TCS Switch
- TCS Indicator

3.3.1 ABS AND BRAKE WARNING INDICATORS

The amber ABS warning indicator is located in the instrument cluster. It is used to inform the driver that the antilock function has been turned off. The ABS warning indicator is controlled by the ABM. The ABM controls the lamp with a command over the PCI bus.

The ABS Warning Indicator will remain lit during every key cycle until a circuit or component fault is repaired and the ABM no longer detects the fault. After repair of a sensor signal fault or a pump motor fault, the ABM must sense all four wheels at 25 km/h (15 mph) before it will extinguish the ABS and TCS Indicator.

The Instrument Cluster will illuminate the ABS Warning Indicator if it loses communication with the ABM.

The red BRAKE warning indicator is also located in the instrument cluster. It can be activated in several ways. Application of the parking brake or a low fluid signal from the fluid level switch located in the master cylinder reservoir will cause the indicator to come on.

3.3.2 ANTI-LOCK BRAKE MODULE

The ABM is a microprocessor-based device that monitors wheel speeds and controls the antilock functions. The ABM contains two microprocessors that receive identical sensor signals and then independently process the information. The results are then compared to make sure that they agree. Otherwise, the ABM will turn off the antilock and turn on the ABS amber warning indicator.

The primary functions of the ABM are to:

- detect wheel locking tendencies
- control fluid pressure modulation to the brakes during antilock stop
- monitor the system for proper operation
- manage traction control functions
- provide communication to the DRBIII® while in diagnostic mode
- store diagnostic information in non-volatile memory

The ABM continuously monitors the speed of each wheel. When a wheel locking tendency is detected, the ABM will command the appropriate valve to modulate brake fluid pressure in its hydraulic unit. Brake pedal position is maintained during an antilock stop by being a closed system. The ABM continues to control pressure in individual hydraulic circuits until a wheel locking tendency is no longer present. The ABM turns on the pump motor during an antilock stop.

The antilock brake system is constantly monitored by the ABM for proper operation. If the ABM detects a system malfunction, it can disable the antilock system and turn on the ABS warning indicator. If the antilock function is disabled, the system will revert to standard base brake system operation.

The ABM inputs include the following:

- diagnostic communication
- four wheel speed sensors
- three power feeds: valve, pump, and microprocessor
- brake lamp switch
- traction control switch

The ABM outputs include the following:

- ABS warning indicator actuation
- 12 volts supply to wheel speed sensors
- valve actuation
- diagnostic communication
- PCI bus communication
- traction control lamp illumination

3.3.3 HYDRAULIC CONTROL UNIT

The hydraulic control unit (HCU) contains the valve block assembly, and pump/motor assembly. The HCU is attached to the ABM.

Valve Block Assembly: The valve block assembly contains valves with four inlet valves and four outlet valves. The inlet valves are spring-loaded in the open position and the outlet valves are spring loaded in the closed position. During an antilock stop, these valves are cycled to maintain the proper slip ratio for each wheel. If a wheel detects slip, the inlet valve is closed to prevent and further pressure increase. Then the outlet valve is opened to release the pressure to the accumulators until the wheel is no longer slipping. Once the wheel is no longer slipping, the outlet valve is closed and the inlet valve is opened to reapply pressure. If the wheel is decelerating within its predetermined limits (proper slip ratio), the inlet valve will close to hold

the pressure constant. On vehicles which are equipped with a traction control system, there are four additional valves, two isolate the master cylinder and two shuttle. During a traction control event the brakes are applied to reduce wheel slippage.

Pump Motor Assembly: The pump motor assembly provides the extra amount of fluid needed during antilock braking. The pump is supplied fluid that is released to the accumulators when the outlet valve is opened during an antilock stop. The pump is also used to drain the accumulator circuits after the antilock stop is complete. The pump is operated by an integral electric motor. This motor is controlled by the ABM. The ABM may turn on the pump motor when an antilock stop is detected. The pump continues to run during the antilock stop and is turned off after the stop is complete. Under some conditions, the pump motor will run to drain the accumulators during the next drive off. The ABM monitors the pump motor operation internally.

3.3.4 ABS SWITCHES/SENSORS

Master Cylinder: The master cylinder is a standard tandem compensating port design for ABS and non ABS systems. Traction control vehicles use a dual center port master cylinder. For proper traction control operation the standard master cylinder must not be used.

A fluid level switch is located in the master cylinder fluid reservoir. The switch closes when a low fluid level is detected. The fluid level switch turns on the brake warning indicator by grounding the indicator circuit. This switch does not disable the ABS system.

Wheel Speed Sensors and Tone Wheels: One active wheel speed sensor (WSS) is located at each wheel. The sensors use an electronic principle known as magneto-resistive to help increase performance, durability and low speed accuracy. The sensors convert wheel speed into a small digital signal. A toothed gear tone wheel serves as the trigger mechanism for each sensor.

The ABM sends 12 volts to power an Integrated Circuit (IC) in the sensor. The IC supplies a constant 7 mA signal to the ABM. The relationship of the tooth on the tone wheel to the permanent magnet in the sensor, signals the IC of the sensor to toggle a second 7 mA power supply on or off. The output of the sensor, sent to the ABM, is a DC voltage signal with changing voltage and current levels. The ABM monitors the changing amperage (digital signal) from each wheel speed sensor. The resulting signal is interpreted by the ABM as the wheel speed.

Because of internal circuitry, correct wheel speed sensor function cannot be determined by a continuity or resistance check through the sensor.

Correct antilock system operation is dependent on tone wheel speed signals from the wheel speed sensors. The vehicle's wheels and tires should all be the same size and type to generate accurate signals. In addition, the tires should be inflated to the recommended pressure for optimum system operation. Variation in wheel and tire size or significant variations in inflation pressure can produce inaccurate wheel speed signals; however, the system will continue to function when using the correct factory mini-spare.

3.3.5 ABS INITIALIZATION

System initialization starts when the key is turned to "run". At this point, the ABM performs a complete self-check of all electrical components in the antilock systems.

Between 8-17 km/h (5-10 mph), a dynamic test is performed. This will momentarily cycle the inlet and outlet valves, check wheel speed sensor circuitry, and run the pump motor at 25 km/h (15 mph). The ABM will try to test the pump motor. If the brake pedal is applied the test will be run at 40 km/h (24 mph) regardless of brake switch state. If, during the dynamic test, the brake pedal is applied, the driver may feel the test through brake pedal pulsations. This is a normal condition.

If any component exhibits a trouble condition during system initialization or dynamic check, the ABM will illuminate the ABS warning indicator and TCS Indicator, if equipped.

3.3.6 ABS DIAGNOSTIC MODE

To enter diagnostic mode, a vehicle speed must be below 10 km/h (6 mph) and no ABS condition present. If vehicle speed is not below 10 km/h (6 mph), a "No Response" message could be displayed by the DRBIII®. The following are characteristics of diagnostic mode:

- The amber ABS warning indicator will blink rapidly. If a hard trouble code, such as Battery Voltage Out of Range code is present, the indicator will be illuminated without blinking until the trouble condition is cleared.
- Antilock operation is disabled.
- The HCU valves cannot be actuated when the vehicle speed is above 8 km/h (5 mph). If valve actuation is attempted above 8 km/h (5 mph), a "No Response" message will be displayed on the DRBIII®.

3.3.7 TRACTION CONTROL OPERATION (IF EQUIPPED)

The Anti-lock Brake Module (ABM) monitors wheel speeds. If, during acceleration, the module detects front (drive) wheel slip and the brakes are not applied, the ABM will enter traction control mode. Traction control works in the following order when drive wheel slip is detected.

1. Close the (normally open) isolation valves.
2. Start pump/motor and supply volume/pressure to front hydraulic circuits (pump runs continuously during traction control).
3. Open and close build and decay valves to maintain minimum wheel slip and maximum traction.

The cycling of the build and decay valves is similar to the ABS except that they work to control wheel spin by applying brakes. ABS function is to control wheel skid by releasing brakes.

Two pressure relief valves allow excess fluid volume to return to the reservoir when not used by the build/decay cycles. These are required because the pump supplies more volume than the traction control system requires.

If at any time the brake pedal is applied during a traction control cycle, the brake lamp switch will trigger the ABM to switch off the traction control.

The traction control system will be enabled at each ignition cycle. It may be turned off by depressing the Traction Control Switch. The traction control system function lamp will illuminate Traction Control immediately upon depressing the traction control switch button. The indicator will illuminate during a traction control event.

If the ABM calculates that the brake temperatures are high, the traction control system will become inoperative until a time-out period has elapsed. When in this thermal protection mode, the traction control indicator will illuminate; however, a fault will not be registered.

3.5 DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES

The Anti-lock Brake Module may report any of several Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC)s. For a list of the DTC's diagnosed in this manual, refer to the Table of Contents.

3.6 FREEZE FRAME

Freeze Frame takes a “snapshot” of specific vehicle information the instant an ABS failure is recognized and stores this information into the ABM memory. This information can be accessed using the DRBIII® to help diagnose the fault. Freeze Frame will capture the first time failure or only a new failure that occurs during the current ignition cycle.

3.7 DRBIII® ERROR MESSAGES AND BLANK SCREEN

Under normal operation, the DRBIII® will display one of only two error messages:

– User-Requested WARM Boot or User-Requested COLD Boot.

If the DRBIII® should display any other error message, record the entire display and call the STAR Center. This is a sample of such an error message display:

```
ver: 2.14
date: 26 Jul93
file: key_itf.cc
date: Jul 26 1993
line: 548
err. 0x1
User-Requested COLD boot
Press MORE to switch between this display
  and the application screen.
Press F4 when done noting information.
```

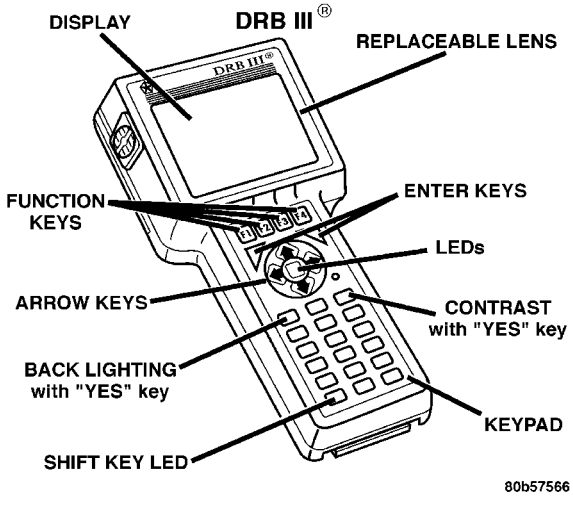
3.7.1 DRBIII® DOES NOT POWER UP

If the LED's do not light or no sound is emitted at start up, check for loose cable connections or a bad cable. Check the vehicle battery voltage (data link connector cavity 16). A minimum of 11 volts is required to adequately power the DRBIII®.

If all connections are proper and the vehicle battery is fully charged, an inoperative DRBIII® may be the result of faulty cable or vehicle wiring.

3.7.2 DISPLAY IS NOT VISIBLE

Low temperatures will affect the visibility of the display. Adjust the contrast to compensate for this condition.



4.0 DISCLAIMERS, SAFETY, WARNINGS

4.1 DISCLAIMERS

All information, illustrations, and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

4.2 SAFETY

4.2.1 TECHNICIAN SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING: ENGINES PRODUCE CARBON MONOXIDE THAT IS ODORLESS, CAUSES SLOWER REACTION TIME, AND CAN LEAD TO SERIOUS INJURY. WHEN THE ENGINE IS OPERATING, KEEP SERVICE AREAS WELL VENTILATED OR ATTACH THE VEHICLE EXHAUST SYSTEM TO THE SHOP EXHAUST REMOVAL SYSTEM.

Set the parking brake and block the wheels before testing or repairing the vehicle. It is especially important to block the wheels on front-wheel drive vehicles; the parking brake does not hold the drive wheels.

When servicing a vehicle, always wear eye protection, and remove any metal jewelry such as rings, watchbands or bracelets that might make an inadvertent electrical contact.

When diagnosing a chassis problem, it is important to follow approved procedures where applicable. These procedures can be found in the service manual. Following these procedures is very important to the safety of individuals performing diagnostic tests.

4.2.2 VEHICLE PREPARATION FOR TESTING

Make sure the vehicle being tested has a fully charged battery. If it does not, false diagnostic codes or error messages may occur.

4.2.3 SERVICING SUB-ASSEMBLIES

Some components of the chassis system are intended to be serviced as an assembly only. Attempting to remove or repair certain system subcomponents may result in personal injury and/or improper system operation. Only those components with approved repair and installation procedures in the service manual should be serviced.

4.2.4 DRBIII® SAFETY INFORMATION

WARNING: EXCEEDING THE LIMITS OF THE DRBIII® MULTIMETER IS DANGEROUS. IT CAN EXPOSE YOU TO SERIOUS OR POSSIBLY FATAL INJURY. CAREFULLY READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CAUTIONS AND THE SPECIFICATION LIMITS.

- Follow the vehicle manufacturer's service specifications at all times.
- Do not use the DRBIII® if it has been damaged.
- Do not use the test leads if the insulation is damaged or if metal is exposed.
- To avoid electrical shock, do not touch the test leads, tips, or the circuit being tested.
- Choose the proper range and functions for the measurement. Do not try voltage or current measurements that may exceed the rated capacity.
- Do not exceed the limits shown in the table below:

FUNCTION	INPUT LIMIT
Volts	0 - 500 peak volts AC 0 - 500 volts DC
Ohms (resistance)*	0 -1.12 megohms
Frequency Measured Frequency Generated	0 - 10 kHz
Temperature	-58 - 1100°F -50 - 600°C

* Ohms cannot be measured if voltage is present. Ohms can be measured only in a non-powered circuit.

- Voltage between any terminal and ground must not exceed 500v DC or 500v peak AC.
- Use caution when measuring voltage above 25v DC or 25v AC.
- Use the low current shunt to measure circuits up to 10A. Use the high current clamp to measure circuits exceeding 10A.
- When testing for the presence of voltage or current, make sure the meter is functioning correctly. Take a reading of a known voltage or current before accepting a zero reading.
- When measuring current, connect the meter in series with the load.
- Disconnect the live test lead before disconnecting the common test lead.
- When using the meter function, keep the DRBIII® away from spark plug or coil wires to avoid measuring error from outside interference.

4.3 WARNINGS

4.3.1 VEHICLE DAMAGE WARNINGS

Before disconnecting any control module, make sure the ignition is "off". Failure to do so could damage the module.

When testing voltage or continuity at any control module, use the terminal side (not the wire end) of the connector. Do not probe a wire through the insulation, this will damage it and eventually cause it to fail because of corrosion.

Be careful when performing electrical tests so as to prevent accidental shorting of terminals. Such mistakes can damage fuses or components. Also, a second code could be set, making diagnosis of the original problem more difficult.

4.3.2 ROAD TESTING A COMPLAINT VEHICLE

Some complaints will require a test drive as part of the repair verification procedure. The purpose of the test drive is to try to duplicate the diagnostic code or symptom condition.

WARNING: BEFORE ROAD TESTING A VEHICLE, BE SURE THAT ALL COMPONENTS ARE REASSEMBLED. DURING THE TEST DRIVE, DO NOT TRY TO READ THE DRB SCREEN WHILE IN MOTION. DO NOT HANG THE DRBIII® FROM THE REAR VIEW MIRROR OR OPERATE IT YOURSELF. HAVE AN ASSISTANT AVAILABLE TO OPERATE THE DRBIII®.

4.4 DIAGNOSIS

1. Your diagnostic test procedure must begin with a thorough visual inspection of the system in question for damaged components or disconnected connectors. For ABS the brake lamps must be operational prior to continuing.
2. Connect the DRBIII® to the data link connector, which is located under the dash to the left of the steering column. If the DRBIII® does not power up, check the power and ground supplies to the connector.
3. Turn the ignition on. Select the system in question. If the DRBIII® displays "No Response" condition you must diagnose that first.
4. Read and record all diagnostic trouble codes. For ABS if the "Battery Voltage Out of Range" diagnostic trouble code is present, it must be repaired prior to addressing any other DTC's. If any additional DTC's are present, proceed to the appropriate test by locating the matching test in the Table of Contents and begin to diagnose the symptom.
5. For ABS if there are no diagnostic trouble codes present, identify the customer complaint. Select "Inputs/Outputs" and read the brake switch input as you press and release the brake pedal. If the display does not match the state of the pedal, diagnose the symptom. If a problem exists with the amber "ABS" warning indicator or the red "Brake" indicator exists, diagnose the symptom. Read the traction control switch input as you press and release the switch. If the display does not match the state of the indicator, diagnose the symptom.
6. If no other problems are found, it will be necessary to road test the vehicle. Perform several antilock stops from above 50 Km/h (30 mph) and then repeat step 4. If any diagnostic trouble codes are present, proceed to the appropriate test.
7. The following conditions should be considered "NORMAL" operation, and no repairs should be attempted to correct them.
   - Brake pedal feedback during an ABS stop (clicking, vibrating).
   - Clicking, groaning or buzzing at 25 Km/h (15 mph) or 40 Km/h (24 mph) (drive off self test).
   - Groaning noise during an ABS stop.
   - Slight brake pedal drop and pop noise when ignition is initially turned on.
   - Brake pedal ratcheting down at the end of an ABS stop.
8. If the complaint is ABS "cycling" at the end of a stop at low speeds, it may be caused by a marginal wheel speed sensor signal. The sensor air gap, tone wheel condition, and/or brakes hanging up are possible causes of this condition.
9. After a road test in which no problems were found, refer to any Technical Service Bulletins that may apply.

5.0 REQUIRED TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

DRBIII® (diagnostic read-out box)
jumper wires
ohmmeter
voltmeter
test light

6.0 GLOSSARY OF TERMS

ABM	anti-lock brake module
ABS	antilock brake system
BCM	body control module
DC	direct current
DLC	data link connector
DRB	diagnostic read-out box
DTC	diagnostic test code
EVBP	electronic variable brake proportioning
HCU	hydraulic control unit
I/C	integrated circuit
ICU	integrated control unit
IPM	integrated power module
JBLK	junction block
mA	milli-Amp
PCI	programmable communication interface
P/M	pump motor
TCS	traction control system
VSS	vehicle speed signal
WSS	wheel speed sensor

NOTES

7.0

DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION AND PROCEDURES

Symptom:

ABM INTERNAL

When Monitored and Set Condition:

ABM INTERNAL

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When one of two internal CPUs, fails the programmed self test within the ABM.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
FUSED RUN RELAY OUTPUT CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS PUMP FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display ABM INTERNAL? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 7	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM/ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All

ABM INTERNAL — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the Fused Run Relay Output circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 4 No → Repair the Fused Run Relay Output circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Pump Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair the ABS Pump Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
7	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

BATTERY VOLTAGE OUT OF RANGE

When Monitored and Set Condition:

BATTERY VOLTAGE OUT OF RANGE

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects battery voltage out of specified range on the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Either the voltage is over 17.0 or under 7.5 volts on this circuit.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
BATTERY/CHARGING SYSTEM FAILURE
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTC's. With the DRBIII®, erase DTC's. Turn the ignition off. Start the engine. With the DRBIII®, read DTC's. Does the DRBIII® display BATTERY VOLTAGE OUT OF RANGE? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 6	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Perform a battery test and charging system test. **NOTE: Refer to service information for the related test(s)/symptom(s).** Does the battery and charging system pass? Yes → Go To 3 No → Repair as neccessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM and ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 4	All

BATTERY VOLTAGE OUT OF RANGE — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. If the fuse is open make sure to check for a short to ground. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

BCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored and Set Condition:

BCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the BCM is not connected or not functioning correctly for 10 seconds.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
ATTEMPT TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE BCM
BODY CONTROL MODULE

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, attempt to communicate with the Body Control Module. Was the DRBIII® able to I/D or communicate with the BCM? Yes → Go To 2 No → Refer to the Communication category for the related symptom(s). Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
2	With the DRBIII®, erase DTC's. Cycle the ignition switch from off to on and wait approximately 1 minute. With the DRBIII®, read DTC's. Did this DTC reset? Yes → Replace the Body Control Module in accordance with the service information. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:
INSTRUMENT CLUSTER BULB

When Monitored and Set Condition:

INSTRUMENT CLUSTER BULB

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the mechanical instrument cluster informs the ABM that the ABS, Brake, and TCS (if equipped) indicators failed and can't be illuminated.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INSTRUMENT CLUSTER OR ABM DTC PRESENT
CHECKING INSTRUMENT CLUSTER OPERATION
INSTRUMENT CLUSTER SELF-TEST
INSTRUMENT CLUSTER INTERNAL FAULT
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Are there any Instrument Cluster or ABM DTCs present? Yes → Refer to the appropriate category for the related symptom(s). Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 2	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Perform the Key-on Bulb Check. Does the ABS, Brake, or TCS (if equipped) indicators light and then go out after four seconds? Yes → Go To 3 No. Light remains after bulb check. Go To 4 No. Indicator never came on. Go To 5	All

INSTRUMENT CLUSTER BULB — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, record and erase DTC's. **NOTE: If you have other DTCs, repair other DTCs first before continuing.** Turn the ignition off. Remove ABS Valve fuse. Perform the Key-on Bulb Check. Does the ABS, Brake, and TCS (if equipped) Indicators remain on after the 4 second bulb check? Yes → Reinstall the ABS Valve fuse. With the DRBIII®, erase Instrument Cluster DTCs. Test Complete. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 4	All
4	Reinstall the ABS Valve fuse, if removed. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition to RUN. Perform the Instrument Cluster self test. **NOTE: Refer to Body information for the related test(s).** Did the indicators illuminate during the Instrument Cluster self test? Yes → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 5	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition to RUN. Perform the Instrument Cluster self test. **NOTE: Refer to Body information for the related test(s).** Do the indicators turn on for 4 seconds, shut off for 5-10 seconds then illuminate? Yes → Test Complete. No → Ensure the ABS indicator bulb is installed or good in the Instrument Cluster. If verified working, replace the Instrument Cluster in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

Symptom List:

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT
LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT
RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT
RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT

Test Note: All symptoms listed above are diagnosed using the same tests. The title for the tests will be LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT.

When Monitored and Set Condition:

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects a wheel speed sensor circuit current is out of range.

LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects a wheel speed sensor circuit current is out of range.

RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects a wheel speed sensor circuit current is out of range.

RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects a wheel speed sensor circuit current is out of range.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT CONDITION
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR OR CONNECTOR DAMAGE
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT FAULT
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY CIRCUIT OPEN
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT OPEN

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT — Continued

POSSIBLE CAUSES
ABM - 12 VOLT SUPPLY CIRCUIT FAULT
ABM - SIGNAL CIRCUIT FAULT
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY SHORT TO GROUND
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT INOPERATIVE

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, read and record Freeze Frame information. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. **NOTE: The ABM must sense all four wheels at 25km/h (15 mph) before it will extinguish the ABS indicators.** Does the DRBIII® display WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 13	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Inspect the ABM connector, affected Wheel Speed Sensor, and affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Is the affected Wheel Speed Sensor or any of the connector(s) damaged? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. **Note: Check connector - Clean/repair as necessary.** Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage between affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit and ground. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 6 No → Go To 4	All
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Using a 12-volt test light connected to 12-volts, probe the affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit. Does the test light illuminate? Yes → Repair the affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit for a short to ground. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 5	All

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Connect a jumper wire between affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit and ground. Using a 12-volt test light connected to 12-volts, probe the affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit. Does the test light illuminate? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair the affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. **NOTE: Check connector - Clean/repair as necessary.** Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage between affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit and ground. Is the voltage above 1 volt? Yes → Repair the affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit for a short to voltage. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 7	All
7	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Using a 12-volt test light connected to 12-volts, probe the affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit. Does the test light illuminate? Yes → Repair the affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit for a short to ground. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 8	All
8	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Connect a jumper wire between affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit and ground. Using a 12-volt test light connected to 12-volts, probe the affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit. Does the test light illuminate? Yes → Go To 9 No → Repair the affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
9	Turn the ignition off. Remove the ABM harness strain relief to access wires. Reconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage between affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit and ground. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 10 No → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
10	Turn the ignition off. Remove the ABM harness strain relief to access wires. Reconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage between affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit and affected Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 11 No → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
11	Turn the ignition off. Reconnect ALL affected Wheel Speed Sensor circuit connectors. Disconnect the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit in the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector while reconnecting the sensor connector. Did the affected Wheel Speed Sensor 12 Volt Supply circuit drop voltage to 0 DC volts? Yes → Replace the affected Wheel Speed Sensor in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 12	All
12	Turn the ignition off. Reconnect ALL affected Wheel Speed Sensor circuit connectors. Turn the ignition on. Measure the DC voltage of the Wheel Speed Sensor Signal circuit in the affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Slowly rotate the wheel. Does the DC voltage toggle between 1.6 volts to .8 volts? Yes → Go To 13 No → Replace the affected Wheel Speed Sensor in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
13	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom List:

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

Test Note: All symptoms listed above are diagnosed using the same tests. The title for the tests will be LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL.

When Monitored and Set Condition:

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the following on the wheel speed sensor signal circuit: missing signal, continuously low wheel speed, changes erratically, periodic drop out of a wheel speed, and too long of pressure reduction during an ABS event.

LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the following on the wheel speed sensor signal circuit: missing signal, continuously low wheel speed, changes erratically, periodic drop out of a wheel speed, and too long of pressure reduction during an ABS event.

RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the following on the wheel speed sensor signal circuit: missing signal, continuously low wheel speed, changes erratically, periodic drop out of a wheel speed, and too long of pressure reduction during an ABS event.

RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the following on the wheel speed sensor signal circuit: missing signal, continuously low wheel speed, changes erratically, periodic drop out of a wheel speed, and too long of pressure reduction during an ABS event.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL DTC PRESENT
AFFECTED WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL INOPERATIVE
AFFECTED WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CONNECTOR DAMAGED
AFFECTED WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TONE WHEEL DAMAGED

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL — Continued

POSSIBLE CAUSES
AFFECTED WHEEL SPEED SENSOR AIR GAP FAULT
WHEEL BEARING FAULT
BRAKE LINING FAULT
AFFECTED WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, read and record Freeze Frame information. **NOTE: The ABM must sense ALL 4 wheels at 25 km/h (15 mph) before it will extinguish the ABS indicators.** Does the DRBIII® display WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL and WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT? Yes → Refer to the affected WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT for the related symptom(s). Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 2	All
2	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII® in Sensors, monitor ALL the Wheel Speed Sensor Signals while an assistant drives the vehicle. Slowly accelerate as straight as possible from a stop to 24 km/h (15 mph). Is the affected Wheel Speed Signal showing 0 km/h (0 mph)? Yes → Go To 3 No → The condition is not present at this time. Monitor DRBIII® parameters while wiggling the related wiring harness. Refer to any Technical Service Bulletins(TSB) that may apply. Visually inspect the related wiring harness and connector terminals. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
3	Turn the ignition off. Inspect the ABM connector, affected Wheel Speed Sensor, and affected Wheel Speed Sensor connector. Is the Wheel Speed Sensor or any connector damaged? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 4	All
4	Turn ignition off. Inspect the affected Tone Wheel for damaged, missing teeth, cracks, or looseness. **NOTE: The Tone Wheel teeth should be perfectly square, not bent, or nicked.** Is the affected Tone Wheel damaged? Yes → Replace the Tone Wheel in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 5	All

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
5	Turn the ignition off. Using a Feeler Gauge, measure the affected Wheel Speed Sensor Air Gap. **NOTE: Refer to the appropriate service information, if necessary, for procedures or specifications.** Is the Air Gap within specifications? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Inspect the wheel bearings for excessive runout or clearance. **NOTE: Refer to the appropriate service information, if necessary, for procedures or specifications.** Is the wheel bearing clearance within specifications? Yes → Go To 7 No → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
7	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect brakes for locking up due to lining contamination or overheating. Inspect all components for defects which may cause a WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL DTC to set. Is any component damaged? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Refer to symptom WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT for further diagnostics. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

Symptom:

MIC MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored and Set Condition:

MIC MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the MIC is not connected or not functioning correctly for 10 seconds.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
CHECK FOR DTCS
VERIFY DTC
ATTEMPT TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE MIC
MODULE

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read BCM DTC's. Are any Cluster Wakeup Output DTC's set? Yes → Refer to symptom list for problems related to the cluster wakeup circuit. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 2	All
2	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, erase DTC's. With the DRBIII®, read DTC's. Did this DTC reset? Yes → Go To 3 No → The condition that caused this DTC is currently not present. Use the wiring diagrams/schematic as a guide, and inspect the related wiring harness for a possible intermittent. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
3	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, attempt to communicate with the Instrument Cluster (MIC). Was the DRBIII® able to I/D or communicate with the Instrument Cluster (MIC)? Yes → Go To 4 No → Refer to the Communication category for the related symptom(s). Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

MIC MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
4	With the DRBIII®, erase DTC's. Cycle the ignition switch from off to on and wait approximately 1 minute. With the DRBIII®, read DTC's. Did this DTC reset? Yes → Replace the module which set the DTC in accordance with the service information. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:
PCI BUS COMMUNICATION

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PCI BUS COMMUNICATION

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects PCI Bus not connected or is shorted to voltage or ground.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
FUSED RUN RELAY OUTPUT CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
PCI BUS CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT
PCI BUS CIRCUIT SHORT TO VOLTAGE
PCI BUS CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display PCI BUS COMMUNICATION? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 9	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM/ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All

PCI BUS COMMUNICATION — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the Fused Run Relay Output circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 4 No → Repair the Fused Run Relay Output circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the PCI Bus circuit. Is there any voltage present? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for a short to voltage. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 7	All
7	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance between ground and the PCI Bus circuit. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for a short to ground. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 8	All

PCI BUS COMMUNICATION — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
8	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the PCI Bus circuit between the ABM harness connector and the Data Link connector. Is the resistance over 5.0 ohms? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
9	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

PCI BUS LOOPBACK

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PCI BUS LOOPBACK

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects PCI Bus messages have been missing for 5 seconds and has failed the self test.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
FUSED RUN RELAY OUTPUT CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display PCI BUS LOOPBACK? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 6	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM/ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the Fused Run Relay Output circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 4 No → Repair the Fused Run Relay Output circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

PCI BUS LOOPBACK — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

PCI BUS SHORTED TO GROUND

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PCI BUS SHORTED TO GROUND

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects PCI Bus is shorted to ground for more than 10 seconds.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
FUSED RUN RELAY OUTPUT CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
PCI BUS CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT
PCI BUS CIRCUIT SHORT TO VOLTAGE
PCI BUS CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display PCI BUS SHORTED TO GROUND? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 9	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM/ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All

PCI BUS SHORTED TO GROUND — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the Fused Run Relay Output circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 4 No → Repair the Fused Run Relay Output circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the PCI Bus circuit. Is there any voltage present? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for a short to voltage. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 7	All
7	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance between ground and the PCI Bus circuit. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for a short to ground. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 8	All

PCI BUS SHORTED TO GROUND — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
8	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the PCI Bus circuit between the ABM harness connector and the Data Link connector. Is the resistance over 5.0 ohms? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
9	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

PCI BUS SHORTED TO VOLTAGE

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PCI BUS SHORTED TO VOLTAGE

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects PCI Bus is shorted to voltage for more than 10 seconds.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
FUSED RUN RELAY OUTPUT CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
PCI BUS CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT
PCI BUS CIRCUIT SHORT TO VOLTAGE
PCI BUS CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display PCI BUS SHORTED TO VOLTAGE? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 9	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM/ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All

PCI BUS SHORTED TO VOLTAGE — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the Fused Run Relay Output circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 4 No → Repair the Fused Run Relay Output circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the PCI Bus circuit. Is there any voltage present? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for a short to voltage. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 7	All
7	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance between ground and the PCI Bus circuit. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for a short to ground. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 8	All

PCI BUS SHORTED TO VOLTAGE — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
8	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the PCI Bus circuit between the ABM harness connector and the Data Link connector. Is the resistance over 5.0 ohms? Yes → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
9	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

PCI HARDWARE

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PCI HARDWARE

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects an initilization or configuration failure that doesn't match the programmed parameters.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
FUSED RUN RELAY OUTPUT CIRCUIT OPEN
ABS VALVE FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display PCI HARDWARE? Yes → Go To 2 No → Go To 6	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM/ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 3	All
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Turn the ignition on. Measure the voltage of the Fused Run Relay Output circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 4 No → Repair the Fused Run Relay Output circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

PCI HARDWARE — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the voltage of the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 5 No → Repair the ABS Valve Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Repair the ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Symptom:

PCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the PCM is not connected or not functioning correctly for 10 seconds.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
PCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED
ATTEMPT TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE PCM
PCI BUS CIRCUIT OPEN
POWERTRAIN CONTROL MODULE

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, enter Instrument Cluster, System Tests then PCM Monitor. Does the DRBIII® display: PCM is active on BUS? Yes → Erase the DTC, if DTC resets, measure the resistance of the PCI Bus circuit between the PCM connector and the ABM connector. If open, repair as necessary. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 2	All
2	Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, attempt to communicate with the PCM. Was the DRBIII® able to communicate with the PCM? Yes → Go To 3 No → Refer to the communication category and perform the appropriate symptom. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

PCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the PCM harness connector. **CAUTION: DO NOT PROBE THE PCM HARNESS CONNECTORS. PROBING THE PCM HARNESS CONNECTORS WILL DAMAGE THE PCM TERMINALS RESULTING IN POOR TERMINAL TO PIN CONNECTION. INSTALL MILLER SPECIAL TOOL #8815 TO PERFORM DIAGNOSIS.** Measure the resistance of the PCI Bus circuit between the DLC and the PCM connector. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Replace and program the Powertrain Control Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Repair the PCI Bus circuit for an open. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

Symptom:

PUMP MOTOR CIRCUIT

When Monitored and Set Condition:

PUMP MOTOR CIRCUIT

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the pump motor voltage is too low or high when pump motor is enabled or disabled. The pump motor fails the slow down test after the end of a pump motor event.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
INTERMITTENT DTC
DAMAGED ABM/ABM HARNESS CONNECTOR
ABS PUMP FUSED B(+) CIRCUIT OPEN
PUMP MOTOR GROUND CIRCUITS OPEN
ABM - INTERNAL FAULT

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. With the DRBIII®, erase DTCs. Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, read DTCs. Does the DRBIII® display PUMP MOTOR CIRCUIT? Yes → Go To 4 No → Go To 2	All
2	Turn the ignition off. Turn the ignition on. With the DRBIII®, actuate the Pump. Did the Pump operate? Yes → Go To 3 No → Go To 4	All

PUMP MOTOR CIRCUIT — Continued

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
3	Turn the ignition off. Visually inspect the related wiring harness. Look for any chafed, pierced, pinched, or partially broken wires. Make sure the ABM harness connecter is secure. Visually inspect the related wire harness connectors. Look for broken, bent, pushed out, or corroded terminals. Refer to any Hotline letters or Technical Service Bulletins that may apply. Were any problems found? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All
4	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Inspect the ABM and ABM harness connector for damage. Is there any broken, bent, pushed out, corroded, or spread terminals? Yes → Repair as necessary. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Go To 5	All
5	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Check connectors - Clean/repair as necessary. Measure the voltage of the ABS Pump Fused B(+) circuit. Is the voltage above 10 volts? Yes → Go To 6 No → Repair the ABS Pump Fused B(+) circuit for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
6	Turn the ignition off. Disconnect the ABM harness connector. Check connectors - Clean/repair as necessary. Measure the resistance of the ground circuits. Is the resistance below 5.0 ohms? Yes → Replace the Anti-Lock Brake Module in accordance with the Service Information. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Repair the Pump Motor ground circuit(s) for an open. Perform ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All

Symptom:
TCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored and Set Condition:

TCM MESSAGES NOT RECEIVED

When Monitored: Ignition On - Continuously

Set Condition: When the ABM detects the TCM is not connected or not functioning correctly for 10 seconds.

POSSIBLE CAUSES
ATTEMPT TO COMMUNICATE WITH THE TCM
TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE

TEST	ACTION	APPLICABILITY
1	Turn the ignition on. With the DRB, enter Transmission. Was the DRB able to I/D or communicate with the TCM? Yes → Go To 2 No → Refer to the Communication category for the related symptom(s). Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1.	All
2	With the DRB, erase DTC's. Turn the ignition on and wait approximately 1 minute. With the DRB, read DTC's. Did this DTC reset? Yes → Replace the Transmission Control Module in accordance with the service information. Perform BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1. No → Test Complete.	All

Verification Tests

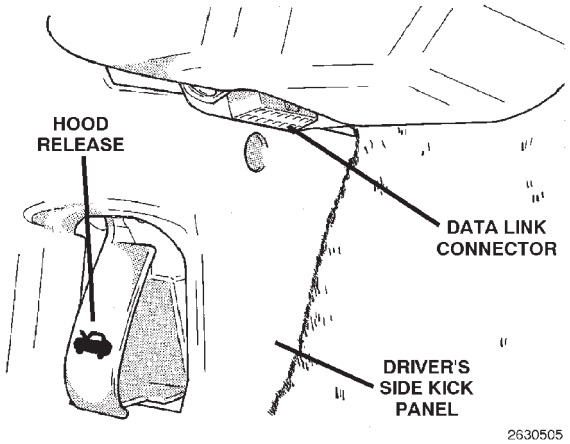
ABS VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1	APPLICABILITY
1. Turn the ignition off. 2. Connect all previously disconnected components and connectors. 3. Ensure all accessories are turned off and the battery is fully charged. 4. Ensure that the Ignition is on, and with the DRBIII, erase all Diagnostic Trouble Codes from ALL modules. Start the engine and allow it to run for 2 minutes and fully operate the system that was malfunctioning. 5. Turn the ignition off and wait 5 seconds. Turn the ignition on and using the DRBIII®, read DTC's from ALL modules. 6. If any Diagnostic Trouble Codes are present, return to Symptom list and troubleshoot new or recurring symptom. **7. NOTE: For Sensor Signal and Pump Motor faults, the ABM must sense all 4 wheels at 25 km/h (15 mph) before it will extinguish the ABS Indicator.** 8. If there are no DTC's present after turning ignition on, road test the vehicle for at least 5 minutes. Perform several anti-lock braking stops. **9. Caution: Ensure braking capability is available before road testing.** 10. Again, with the DRBIII® read DTC's. If any DTC's are present, return to Symptom list. 11. If there are no Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC's) present, and the customer's concern can no longer be duplicated, the repair is complete. Are any DTC's present or is the original concern still present? Yes → Repair is not complete, refer to appropriate symptom. No → Repair is complete.	All

BODY VERIFICATION TEST - VER 1	APPLICABILITY
1. Disconnect all jumper wires and reconnect all previously disconnected components and connectors. **2. NOTE: If the SKIM or PCM was replaced, refer to the service information for proper programming procedures.** 3. If the Body Control Module was replaced, turn the ignition on for 15 seconds (to allow the new BCM to learn VIN) or engine may not start (if VTSS equipped). If the vehicle is equipped with VTSS, use the DRBIII® and enable VTSS. 4. Program all RKE transmitters and other options as necessary. 5. If any repairs were made to the HVAC System, either disconnect the battery or remove JB Fuse #5 for five minutes, or using the DRBIII®, select Body, Body Computer, Miscellaneous, and Calibrate HVAC Door Motors. 6. Ensure that all accessories are turned off and the battery is fully charged. 7. With the DRBIII®, record and erase all DTC's from ALL modules. Start and run the engine for 2 minutes. Operate all functions of the system that caused the original concern. 8. Turn the ignition off and wait 5 seconds. Turn the ignition on and using the DRBIII®, read DTC's from ALL modules. Are any DTC's present or is the original condition still present? Yes → Repair is not complete, refer to the appropriate symptom. No → Repair is complete.	All

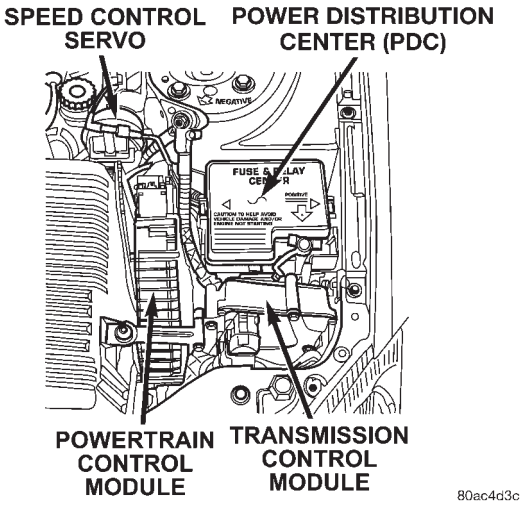
NOTES

8.0 COMPONENT LOCATIONS

8.1 DATA LINK CONNECTOR



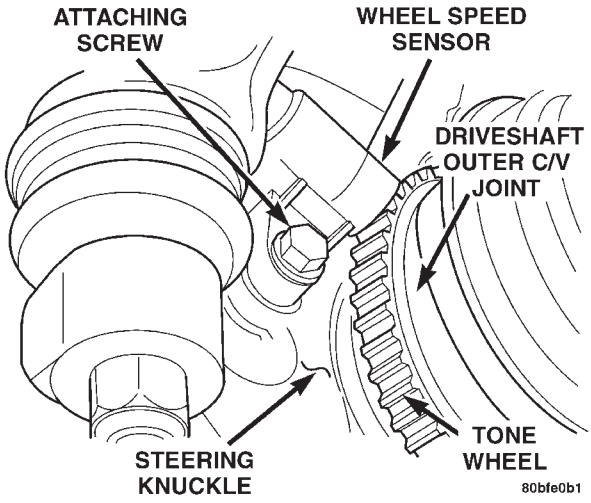
8.2 FUSES



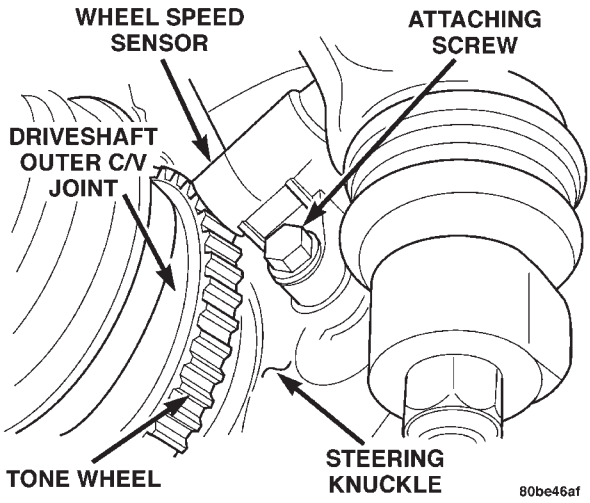
8.3 WHEEL SPEED SENSORS

8.3.1 FRONT

LEFT FRONT

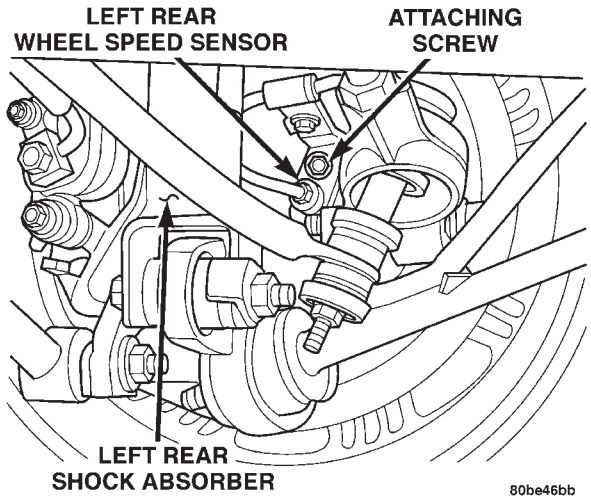


RIGHT FRONT

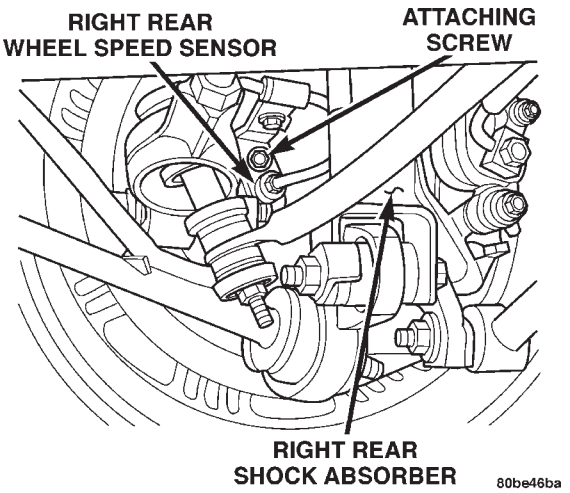


8.3.2 REAR

LEFT REAR



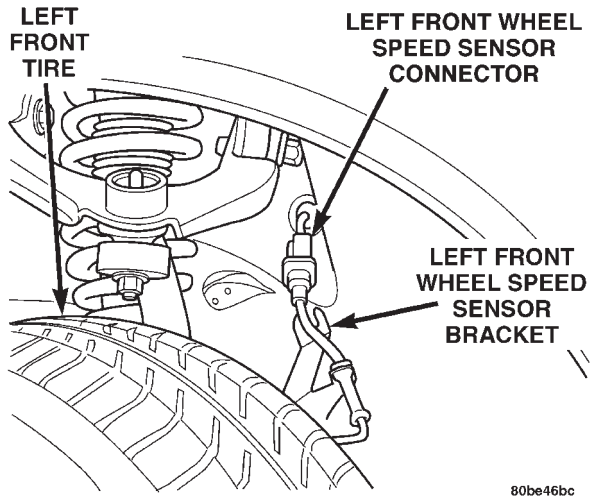
RIGHT REAR



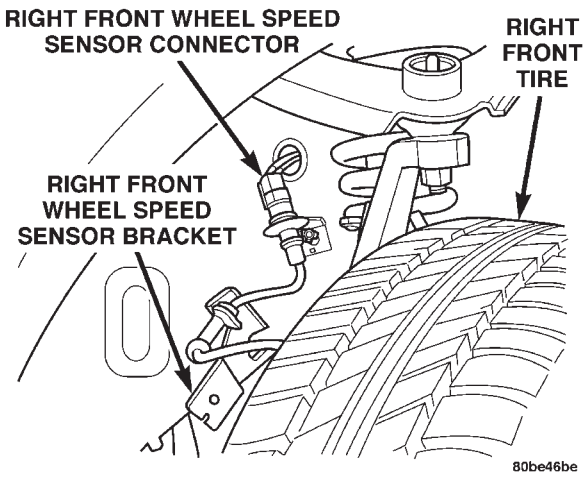
8.4 WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CONNECTORS

8.4.1 FRONT

LEFT FRONT

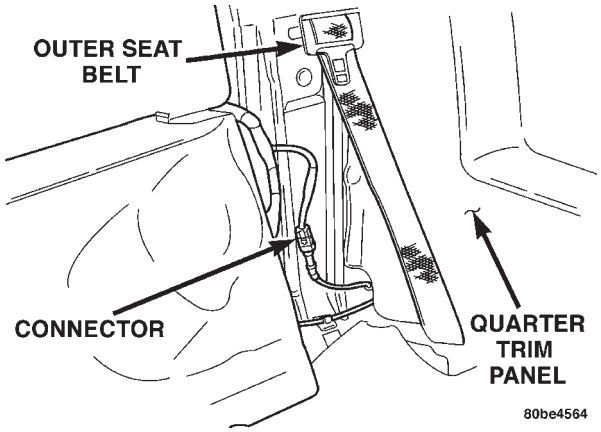


RIGHT FRONT

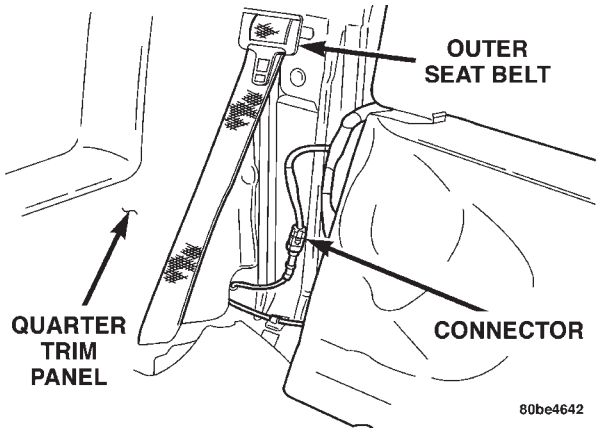


8.4.2 REAR

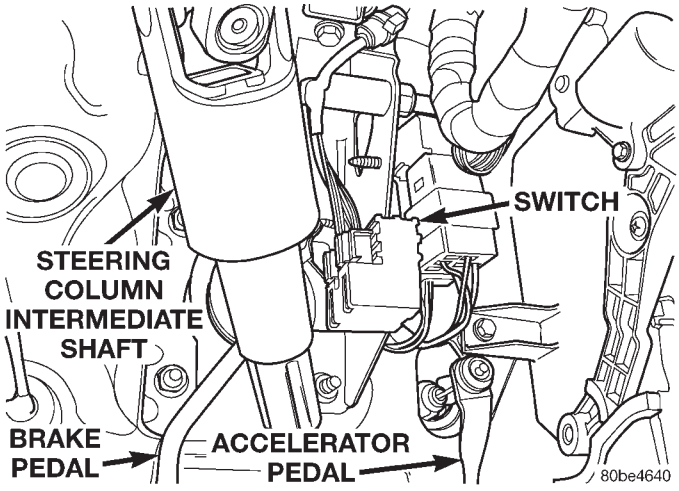
LEFT REAR



RIGHT REAR

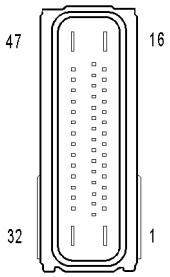


8.5 BRAKE SWITCH



NOTES

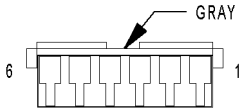
9.0 CONNECTOR PINOUTS



ANTI-LOCK BRAKE MODULE

ANTI-LOCK BRAKE MODULE - 47 WAY

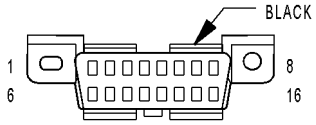
CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	A10 12RD/DG	FUSED B(+) (PUMP)
2	-	-
3	-	-
4	-	-
5	-	-
6	L50 20WT/TN	BRAKE LAMP SWITCH OUTPUT
7	-	-
8	F12 18DB/WT	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN-START)
9	-	-
10	-	-
11	D25 18YL/VT	PCI BUS
12	-	-
13	-	-
14	-	-
15	-	-
16	Z102 12BK	GROUND
17	-	-
18	-	-
19	-	-
20	-	-
21	-	-
22	-	-
23	-	-
24	-	-
25	-	-
26	-	-
27	-	-
28	-	-
29	-	-
30	-	-
31	-	-
32	A20 12RD/DB	FUSED B(+) (VALVE)
33	B6 20WT/DB	RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
34	B7 20WT	RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
35	-	-
36	B4 20LG	LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
37	B3 20LG/DB	LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
38	-	-
39	-	-
40	-	-
41	-	-
42	B1 20YL/DB	RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
43	B2 20YL	RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
44	-	-
45	B9 20RD	LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
46	B8 20RD/DB	LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL
47	Z101 12BK	GROUND



BRAKE LAMP SWITCH

BRAKE LAMP SWITCH - GRAY 6 WAY

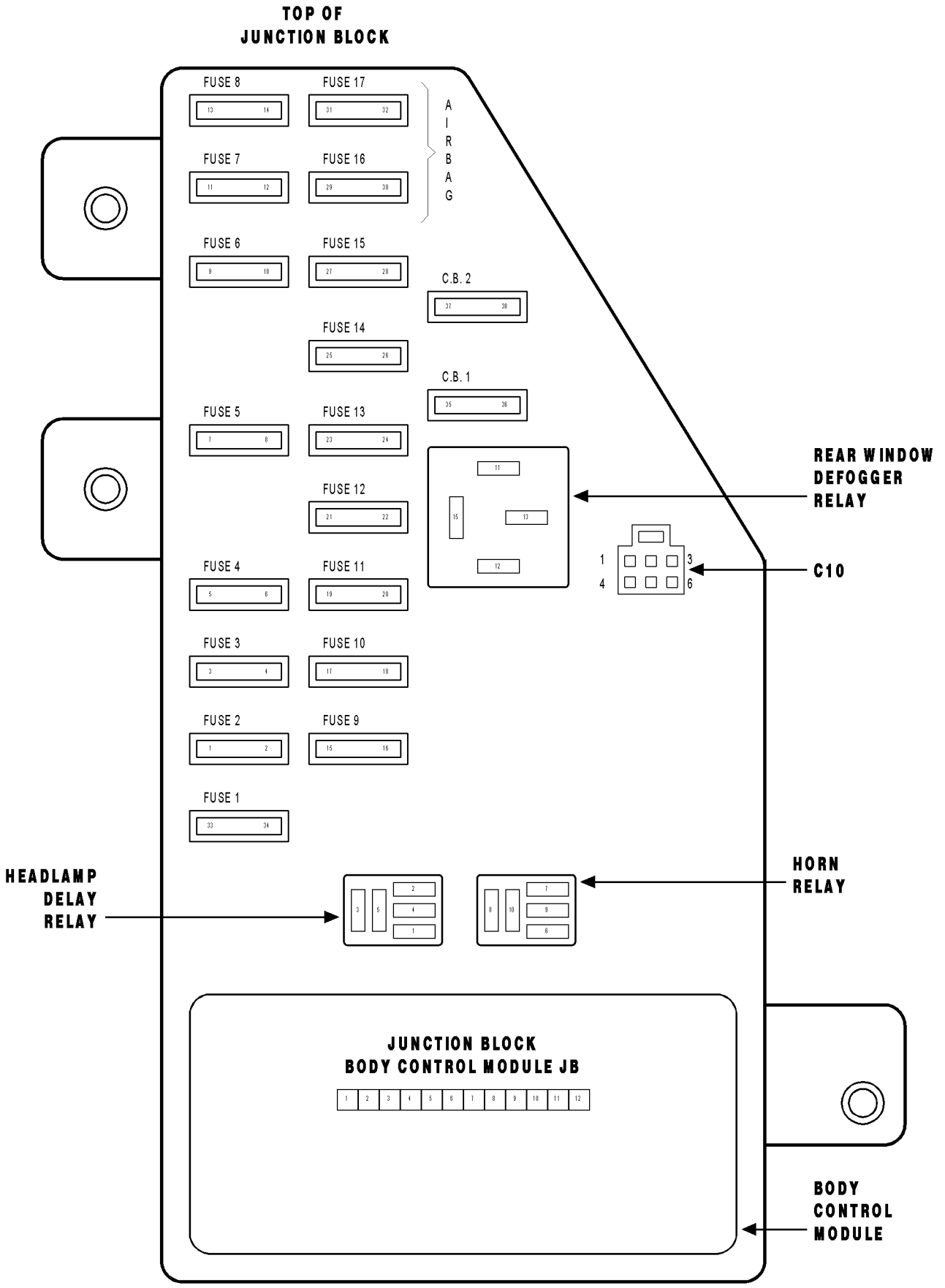
CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	K29 20WT/PK	BRAKE SWITCH SIGNAL
2	Z241 20BK (2.7L MTX)	GROUND
2	Z241 20BK/LG (EXCEPT 2.7L MTX)	GROUND
3	V32 20YL/RD	S/C SUPPLY
4	V30 20DB/RD	SPEED CONTROL BRAKE SWITCH OUTPUT
5	L50 16WT/TN	BRAKE LAMP SWITCH OUTPUT
6	A7 18RD/BK	FUSED B(+)



DATA LINK CONNECTOR

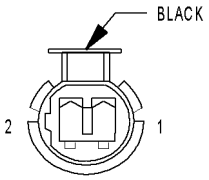
DATA LINK CONNECTOR - BLACK 16 WAY

CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	-	-
2	D25 20VT/YL	PCI BUS (DLC)
3	-	-
4	Z305 20BK/YL	GROUND
5	Z306 20BK/VT	GROUND
6	-	-
7	D21 20PK	SCI TRANSMIT
8	F11 20RD/WT	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (OFF-RUN-START)
9	D6 20PK/LB	SCI RECEIVE (TCM)
10	-	-
11	-	-
12	D20 20LG	SCI RECEIVE
13	-	-
14	-	-
15	D15 20WT/DG	SCI TRANSMIT (TCM)
16	M1 20PK	FUSED B(+)


TOP OF
JUNCTION BLOCK
FUSE 8
FUSE 17
FUSE 7
FUSE 16
FUSE 6
FUSE 15
FUSE 14
FUSE 5
FUSE 13
FUSE 12
FUSE 4
FUSE 11
FUSE 3
FUSE 10
FUSE 2
FUSE 9
FUSE 1
A
I
R
B
A
G
C.B. 2
C.B. 1
REAR WINDOW
DEFOGGER
RELAY
C10
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RELAY
HORN
RELAY
JUNCTION BLOCK
BODY CONTROL MODULE JB
BODY
CONTROL
MODULE

FUSES (JB)

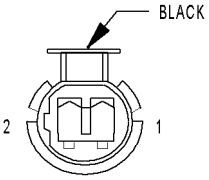
FUSE NO.	AMPS	FUSED CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	30A	C1 12DG (ATC)	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN)
1	30A	C1 14DG (MTC)	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN)
2	10A	L34 18RD/OR	FUSED RIGHT HIGH BEAM OUTPUT
3	10A	L33 20LG/BR	FUSED LEFT HIGH BEAM OUTPUT
4	15A	INTERNAL	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN)
5	10A	INTERNAL	FUSED B(+)
6	10A	INTERNAL	FUSED REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER RELAY OUTPUT
7	20A	INTERNAL	FUSED B(+)
8	20A	INTERNAL	FUSED B(+)
9	15A	INTERNAL	FUSED B(+)
10	20A	INTERNAL (EXCEPT EXPORT)	FUSED B(+)
10	20A	L25 20BR (EXPORT)	FUSED FOG LAMP SWITCH FEED
11	10A	INTERNAL	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (OFF-RUN-START)
12	10A	INTERNAL	FUSED LEFT LOW BEAM OUTPUT
13	20A	INTERNAL	FUSED RIGHT LOW BEAM OUTPUT
14	10A	X12 18RD/WT	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN-ACC)
15	10A	INTERNAL	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN-ACC)
16	10A	F23 20DB/YL	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN)
17	10A	F14 18LG/YL	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN)
17	10A	F14 20LG/YL	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN)



LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR - BLACK 2 WAY

CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	B9 20RD	LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
2	B8 20RD/DB	LEFT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

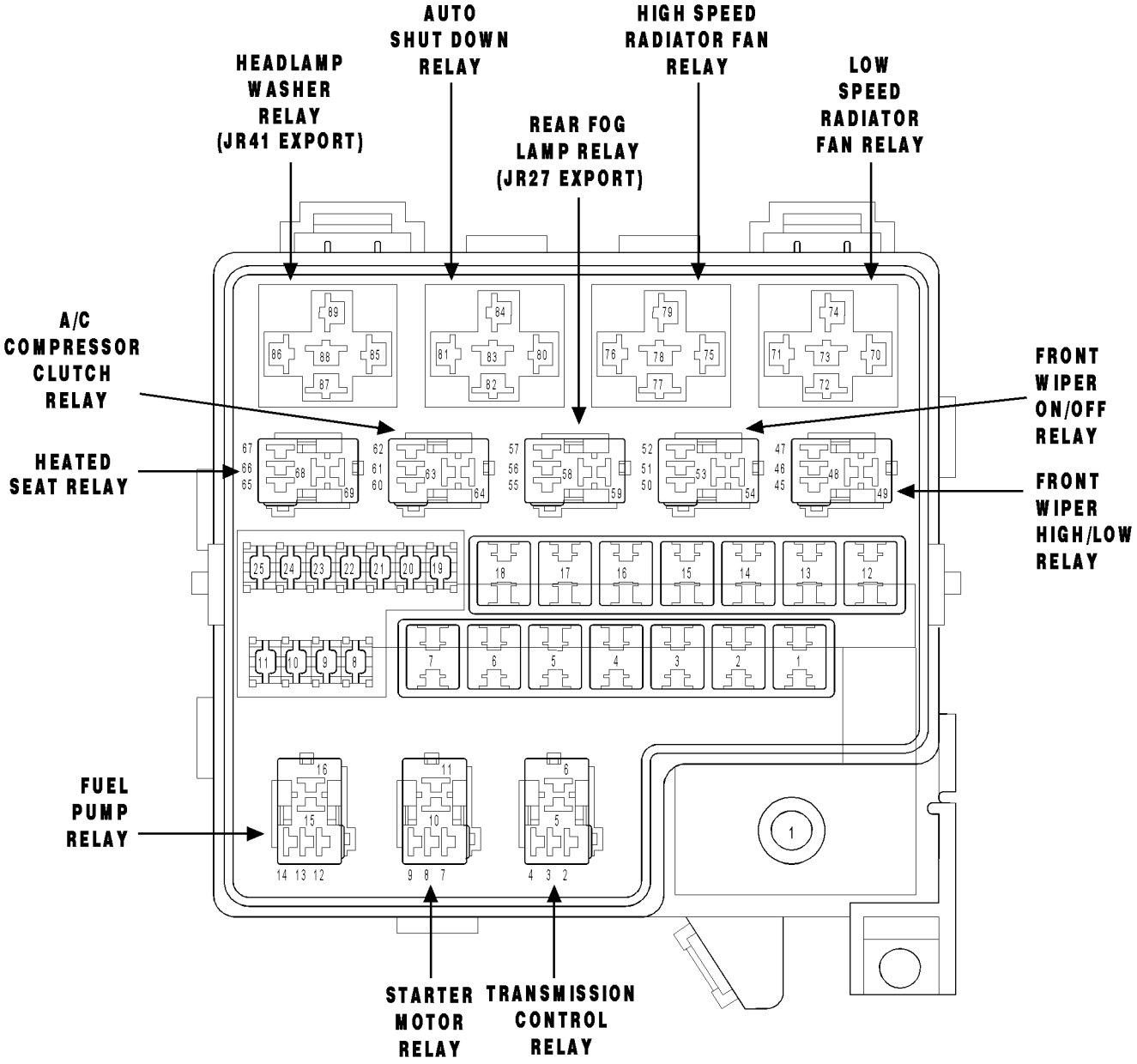


LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR - BLACK 2 WAY

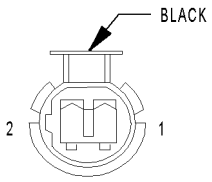
CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	B4 20LG	LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
2	B3 20LG/DB	LEFT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

POWER DISTRIBUTION CENTER



FUSES (PDC)

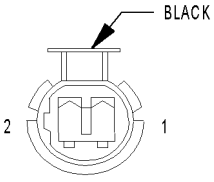
FUSE NO.	AMPS	FUSED CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	40A	A2 12PK/BK	FUSED B(+)
2	20A	F30 16RD	FUSED B(+)
3	30A	A53 16RD/YL (JR41 EXPORT)	FUSED B(+)
4	40A	A3 12RD/WT	FUSED B(+)
5	-	SPARE	-
6	40A	A4 12BK/PK	FUSED B(+)
7	40A	A161 14LB/WT	FUSED B(+)
8	20A	A1 18RD	FUSED B(+)
9	20A	A24 18BK (EATX)	FUSED B(+)
10	10A	A51 20RD/WT	FUSED B(+)
11	20A	A7 16RD/BK	FUSED B(+)
12	40A	A16 12RD/LG	FUSED B(+)
13	20A	F235 16RD	FUSED B(+)
14	30A	A14 14RD/TN	FUSED B(+)
15	40A	A10 12RD/DG (ABS)	FUSED B(+)
16	40A	A13 12PK/WT	FUSED B(+)
17	40A	A25 12DB (JR27)	FUSED B(+)
18	40A	A5 12RD/GY	FUSED B(+)
19	20A	A45 18BR (JR27)	FUSED B(+)
20	20A	A15 16PK	FUSED B(+)
21	-	SPARE	-
22	20A	A20 12RD/DB (ABS)	FUSED B(+)
23	20A	F12 18DB/WT	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN-START)
23	20A	F12 18DB/WT (HEATED SEATS)	FUSED IGNITION SWITCH OUTPUT (RUN-START)
24	20A	F42 16DG/LG (2.7L)	FUSED AUTOMATIC SHUT DOWN RELAY OUTPUT
25	20A	F142 16OR/DG	FUSED AUTOMATIC SHUT DOWN RELAY OUTPUT



RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR - BLACK 2 WAY

CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	B7 20WT	RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
2	B6 20WT/DB	RIGHT FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL



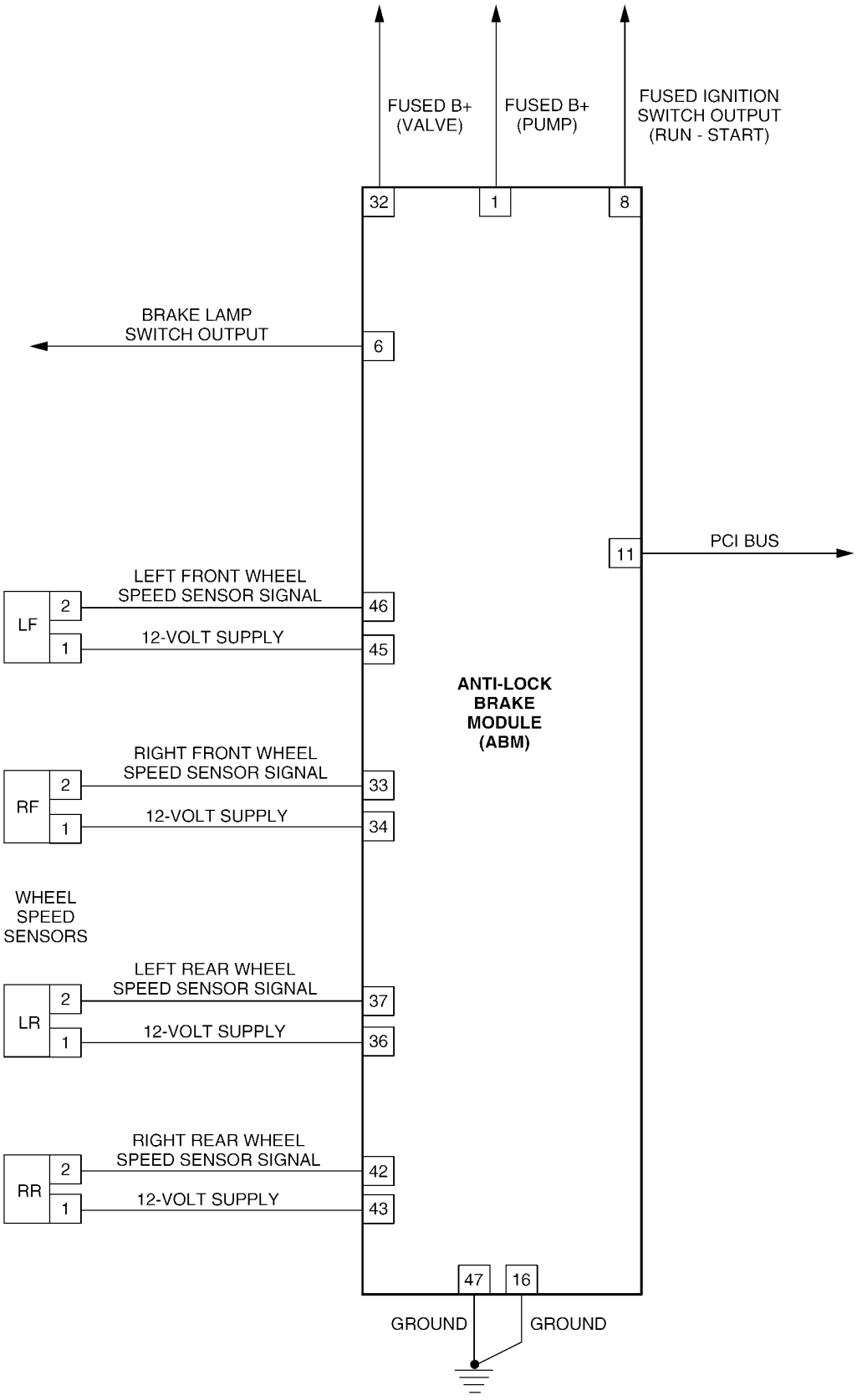
RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR - BLACK 2 WAY

CAV	CIRCUIT	FUNCTION
1	B2 20YL	RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR 12 VOLT SUPPLY
2	B1 20YL/DB	RIGHT REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL

10.0 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

10.1 TEVES MARK 25e ANTI-LOCK BRAKE MODULE



NOTES